

VOLUME: VI

CHAPTER: 38:01 WILDLIFE CONSERVATION AND NATIONAL PARKS: SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION previously ampquotFAU

NATIONAL PARKS AND GAME RESERVES REGULATIONS

Part :IV Facilities within National Parks or Game Reserves regs 624

6. Designation  
of facilities

(1) Subject to subregulation (2) and (5), no person shall enter or have access to any part of a national park or game reserve that is not a facility designated as such under subregulation (3).

(2)  
Notwithstanding subregulation (1), the following persons may enter any part of a national park or game reserve-

(a) a  
wildlife officer in the execution of his official duties;

(b) an  
official on Government duty who is in possession of a valid written authorisation from the Officer-in-Charge; or

(c) a  
person holding a valid permit issued by the Director upon payment of fees set out in the First Schedule to carry out research, filming, photography, other art work or specialised activity and if that permit is endorsed for operation outside designated facilities.

(3) Facilities  
within the national parks and game reserves shall include-

(a) permanent  
lodges;

(b) non-permanent  
lodges;

(c) mobile  
operator sites;

(d) public  
camp grounds;

(e) wilderness  
camp sites;

(f) observation  
hides;

(g) day  
use facilities;

(h) roads  
and tracks;

(i) wilderness  
trails;

(j) airfields;

(k) boat moorings;

(l) walking areas;

(m) community use areas;

(n) information centres;

(o) training facility;

(p) educational group camp sites; and

(q) DWNP staff camp; office; workshop or stores area and other administrative infrastructure.

(4) All facilities listed in subregulation (3) shall be designated as such in the management plan for each national park or game reserve.

(5) Where an approved management plan does not exist, the management of the national park or game reserve shall be guided by a draft management plan.

(6) Each facility in a national park or game reserve shall be identified as such by a notice, sign or marker.

(7) The Officer-in-Charge may, through a written instruction at designated entry points or by erecting a notice, sign or barrier, close the whole or part of any facility for a specific period, in the interests of public safety, for maintenance or rehabilitation purposes, for the management of natural resources or for administrative reasons.

(8) Subregulation (6) shall not apply to a facility held or operated under a lease or management contract with the appropriate land authority or the DWNP unless with the prior, written, agreement of the holder of such lease or management contract.

(9) Any person who contravenes subregulation (1) shall be guilty of an offence.

## 7. Permanent and non-permanent lodges

(1) A permanent lodge shall provide accommodation for not less than 24 guests.

(2) A permanent lodge may be constructed with materials of a permanent nature and may include above ground masonry.

(3) A non-permanent lodge shall comply with the specifications for a non-permanent structure set out in the Third Schedule.

(4) A non-permanent lodge shall provide accommodation for not more than 24 guests, unless specified otherwise in the management plan.

(5) The Director shall, prior to the initial construction of a permanent lodge or non-permanent lodge, or any alteration in the structures or operation thereof, approve the following in writing-

(a) architectural designs and operational plans which operational plans may include-

(i) details of ownership;

(ii) financing;

(iii) staffing; and

(iv) staff training and localisation programmes;

(b) staff housing, ablutions and amenities;

(c) workshops and storage;

(d) water supplies including boreholes, wells, pumps and generators, swimming pools, sprinkler and other watering systems and sewage disposal;

(e) subject to subregulation (1) and (4) guest numbers and services to be offered; and

(f) any other structures, facilities or activities proposed including, but not limited to, observation hides, airstrips, game viewing roads and waste disposal.

(6) A permanent lodge or a non-permanent lodge shall be constructed at a site designated as such by the management plan for the national park or game reserve.

(7) All non-combustible litter shall be collected in an approved scavenger-proof structure situated within the designated permanent or non-permanent lodge site and shall be removed from the national park or game reserve by the lodge operator.

(8) Combustible litter may be burned within a permanent or non-permanent lodge site in an incinerator of a design approved by the Director.

(9) An operator of a permanent or non-permanent lodge shall protect guests and staff from dangerous animals and may construct an electrified fence approved by the Director.

(10) The DWNP may recover the cost of any problem animal control from the operator of a permanent or non-permanent lodge if the Officer-in-Charge is satisfied that the problem animal control is due to any action or negligence on the part of such operator, including the unauthorised provision of water or feed for animals.

(11) If an operator of a permanent or non-permanent lodge vacates a site for whatever reason, he shall dismantle all structures and facilities thereof and rehabilitate that site at his own expense, without compensation, to the satisfaction of the Officer-in-Charge, within a period specified by the Director:

Provided that the Director may direct that such structures shall remain, in which case they shall become the property of the State without compensation.

(12) Subregulation

(11) shall apply to any structures or facilities in existence in a national park or game reserve at the time of proclamation of these regulations or constructed thereafter, irrespective of whether such structures or facilities were constructed with the permission of the Director or not:

Provided that this subregulation shall not apply where an existing lease or management contract with the appropriate land authority or the DWNP precludes the dismantling of such structures or facilities, or their transfer of ownership without compensation.

(13) In this

regulation, "problem animal control" means an activity undertaken to deter, capture or lethally remove game animals whose behaviour is causing, or threatening to cause, harm to people or damage to property.

8. Mobile operator sites

(1) A mobile

operator site shall be located at a site designated for this purpose in the management plan or approved in writing by the Officer-in-Charge:

Provided that the number of mobile operator sites, and their capacities, in each zone of the national park or game reserve shall not exceed the number and capacity specified in the management plan.

(2) A mobile

operator site shall be occupied by a tour group which shall-

(a) be

conducted by holders of a tourism enterprise licence issued under the Tourism Act and permitting the provision of off-site accommodation as described in the First Schedule thereof;

(b) be

accompanied by a licensed professional guide; and

(c) hold

a valid reservation voucher for the site, issued by a designated reservations office.

(3) No person

shall occupy a mobile operator site unless he pays a fee specified in the First Schedule.

(4) The Director

may authorize a person or an organisation representing the users of mobile operator sites, in writing, to issue reservation vouchers for mobile operator sites.

(5) A licensed

mobile operator may be refused reservations for mobile operator sites, public camp sites and other facilities, if more than five warnings as provided for under regulation 35(9) have been issued, within a 12 month period, to a professional guide conducting tours for the mobile operator.

(6) A mobile

operator site shall be demarcated by a central marker and the camp site shall contain tents, parked motor vehicles, equipment, toilets and fires.

(7) All tents, vehicles, equipment, toilets, fires and foot tracks within a mobile operator site shall be within a radius of 50 metres of the central marker.

(8) A mobile operator site shall be occupied by not more than 20 persons including staff and not more than three motor vehicles.

(9) No person shall erect any structure on a mobile operator site other than a tent.

(10) The structures within a mobile operator site shall be temporary and all signs of occupation, apart from vehicle tracks and footprints, shall be removable within a period of six hours.

(11) A mobile operator shall not occupy a mobile operator site for more than six consecutive nights.

(12) A mobile operator site shall be vacated by 1100 hours in the morning on the day of departure.

(13) All litter shall be removed from a mobile operator site and shall be deposited in an approved litter bin or shall be removed from the national park or game reserve.

(14) Pit latrines of the mobile operator site shall measure 35 x 35 in centimetres in width and a minimum of one metre in depth.

(15) A pit latrine shall be refilled with earth prior to vacation of the mobile operator site.

(16) A mobile operator may set up a camp fire within a mobile operator site and shall ensure that-

(a) the camp fire does not destroy or endanger vegetation, game animals, people or property;

(b) the camp fire is, prior to the vacation of the site, fully extinguished; and

(c) all ashes from the campfire are buried in a pit latrine provided for under subregulation (14) prior to the vacation of the site.

(17) In this regulation, "mobile operator" means an enterprise or activity for which a valid tourism enterprise licence permitting off-site operations has been issued under the Tourism Act.

## 9. Public camp ground

(1) A public camp ground shall be located at a site designated for this purpose by the management plan.

(2) No person shall occupy a site at a public camp ground unless he holds a valid reservation voucher for the site issued by a designated reservations office and has paid

the camping fee listed in the First Schedule.

(3) The total visitor capacity of a public camp ground shall be as specified in the management plan.

(4) Each public camp ground shall consist of marked camping sites.

(5) Each camping site within a public camp ground shall have a maximum capacity of users, including staff, as specified in the management plan.

(6) A mobile operator shall not occupy a site within a public camp ground for more than six consecutive days at a time and shall remove the camp, all staff and vehicles from the public camp ground at the end of the period of reservation:

Provided that upon the expiration of six consecutive days of occupying the site within the public camp ground, the mobile operator shall not occupy another site within the public camp site.

(7) Mobile operators shall not occupy more than half of the camping sites in a public camp ground.

(8) The staff of the mobile operator shall be included in the total number of persons occupying sites in the public camp ground provided that they shall not, subject to subregulation (9), be charged the camping fees specified in the First Schedule.

(9) Where the staff of a mobile operator occupy a site within a public camp ground without guests, the mobile operator shall be charged camping fees as if the same number of guests were occupying the site during the same reservation period.

(10) All litter shall be placed in an approved litter bin or shall be removed from the public camp ground and the national park or game reserve.

(11) A guest shall use the ablution or toilet facilities provided and approved by the management plan:

Provided that where ablution or toilet facilities are not provided, guests may use pit latrines as specified in regulation 8(14), which pit latrines shall be refilled with earth prior to vacating the campsite.

(12) Where a guest wishes to set up a camp fire he shall do so in the fireplace provided within a public camp ground and shall ensure that the campfire-

(a) does not destroy vegetation or cause danger to wild animals, people or property; and

(b) is completely extinguished prior to the vacation of the site.

(13) Where a fireplace is not provided, a guest may set up a camp fire anywhere else within the public camp ground.

10. Wilderness camp sites

(1) A wilderness camp site shall be located at an area designated for that purpose in the management plan or in writing by the Officer-in-Charge.

(2) No person shall occupy a wilderness camp site unless he holds a valid reservation voucher for the site issued by a designated reservations office and upon payment of a wilderness camp site fee set out in the First Schedule.

(3) A mobile operator shall not occupy a wilderness camp.

(4) The number of wilderness camp sites in a zone shall not exceed the number specified for the zone in the management plan for the national park or game reserve.

(5) Notwithstanding subregulation (4), the Officer-in-Charge may designate additional wilderness camp sites in the national park or game reserve for a period not exceeding one month at a time for the use of persons holding authorisations under regulation 4(10)(a), (c) or (d) and may waive any of the subregulations hereunder except for subregulations (6), (7), (8) and (9).

(6) The management plan shall specify the maximum number of persons and motor vehicles which may occupy a wilderness camp site.

(7) A wilderness camp site shall-

(a) be demarcated by a central marker;

(b) comprise of an area of 30 metre radius of the central marker; and

(c) within this 30 metre radius therein contain all tents, motor vehicles, walking tracks and other equipment.

(8) No person shall, within a wilderness camp site, erect any structure other than a tent and such a tent shall be temporary and all signs of occupation shall be removable within a period of three hours.

(9) A wilderness camp site shall be vacated by 1100 hours in the morning of the day of departure.

(10) No person shall dig a rubbish pit or bury litter in a wilderness camp site and all litter shall be removed from the site by the occupant upon departure.

(11) Any litter so removed from the wilderness camp site shall be deposited in an approved litter bin or shall be removed from the national park or game reserve.

(12) Where a pit latrine is not provided within a wilderness camp site, pit latrines as specified in regulation 8(14) shall be constructed by the occupier.

(13) A pit latrine shall be refilled with earth prior to vacation of the wilderness camp site.

(14) A user of a wilderness camp site may set up a camp fire within a wilderness camp site and shall ensure that the campfire-

(a) does not destroy vegetation or cause danger to wild animals, people or property; and

(b) is, prior to the vacation of the site, completely extinguished.

(15) In this regulation, "wilderness camp site" means a site, without facilities except for a pit latrine, designated for purposes of camping.

## 11. Observation hides

(1) An observation hide shall be constructed in accordance with the approved designs and at locations specified in the management plan.

(2) No person shall occupy an observation hide unless he is a holder of a valid entry permit into the national park or game reserve in which the observation hide is located between the hours of sunrise and sunset set out in the Fourth Schedule.

(3) No person shall occupy an observation hide between the hours of sunset and sunrise set out in the Fourth Schedule, unless he holds a valid reservation voucher for staying overnight at the observation hide issued by a designated reservations office and is in the company of a professional guide:

Provided that the facility may be closed by the Officer-in-Charge in the interests of public safety, management of natural resources or for administrative reasons.

(4) The maximum number of persons who may occupy an observation hide shall be as specified in the management plan.

(5) In using an observation hide all persons shall-

(a) park their vehicles in the designated parking places provided; and

(b) walk from the designated parking places to the observation hide on the designated walkways.

(6) No person shall, in using an observation hide, make any noise that may cause any disturbance to either guests or game animals.

(7) A guest shall only make use of approved toilet facilities provided at the observation hide or at another designated facility.

(8) No person shall cook or make a camp fire within or adjacent to an observation hide:

Provided that a simple gas appliance may be used to heat water or a cooked meal.

(9) No person shall, in the use of an observation hide-

(a) deposit

litter in any place other than an approved litter bin; or

(b) dig

a rubbish pit or bury litter in or near an observation hide.

(10) Where a

litter bin is not provided, all litter shall be removed from the observation hide and deposited in an approved litter bin or removed from the national park or game reserve.

## 12. Day

use facilities

(1) Day use

facilities shall be constructed at locations and in accordance with designs set out in the management plan.

(2) A day use

facility may consist of toilets, picnic tables, fireplaces, litter bins and parking places.

(3) No person

shall occupy a day use facility between the hours of sunrise and sunset set out in the Fourth Schedule unless he is a holder of a valid entry permit to the national park or game reserve:

Provided that a

person shall leave the day use facility in time to exit the national park or game reserve or return to a facility designated for overnight stays and for which he holds a valid reservation voucher before the sunset hours of the national park or game reserve.

(4) No person

shall, while occupying a day use facility-

(a) disembark

from a motor vehicle in the vicinity of a dangerous animal; or

(b) move

outside a radius of 100 metres of his vehicle.

(5) No person

shall, while occupying a day use facility, make such noise as to cause disturbance to either game animals or guests or erect any structures.

(6) A person shall

make use of approved toilet facilities provided at the day use facility or at another designated facility.

(7) A person may

cook food using firewood in fireplaces, if so provided, or by the use of a gas stove and he shall ensure that no danger is caused to vegetation, wild animals or property and if using firewood, that the fire is fully extinguished before he leaves the day use facility.

(8) No person

shall, in the use of a day use facility-

(a) deposit

litter in any place other than an approved litter bin; or

(b) dig

a rubbish pit or bury litter in or near a day use facility.

(9) Where no approved litter bin is available in a day use facility all litter shall be removed from the day use facility and the national park or game reserve.

(10) In this regulation, "dangerous animal" means an animal specified as such in the Ninth Schedule of the Act.

### 13. Roads and tracks

(1) Roads and tracks shall be constructed or used in locations designated for this purpose in the management plan and roads or tracks not designated shall be closed by the display of signs, notices or the construction of an appropriate barrier and shall be rehabilitated.

(2) The Officer-in-Charge may erect signs or notices or construct appropriate barriers to indicate the closure of a road or track in accordance with regulation 6 (7).

(3) Except as provided in regulation 4(10), no person shall drive a motor vehicle off a designated road or track.

(4) The management plan or the Officer-in-Charge may designate a road or track as suitable only for four wheel drive motor vehicles, which designation shall be indicated by means of a sign or notice.

(5) No person shall drive a two wheel drive motor vehicle on a road or track designated as suitable only for a four wheel drive motor vehicle as provided for under subregulation (4) without a written authorisation from the Officer-in-Charge.

(6) A management plan may provide for, or the Officer-in-Charge may by way of erecting a notice at entrance points of the national park or game reserve designate, a road or track as a transit road.

(7) A person who uses a transit road shall be exempted from payment of fees if the person does not leave the transit road during his travel on it throughout the national park or game reserve.

(8) The Officer-in-Charge may authorise members of a community adjacent to the national park or game reserve to use a transit road or track in the national park or game reserve whether the roads or tracks is not designated as transit roads.

(9) The Officer-in-Charge may, within a national park or game reserve, close any transit road, main road or public road considered as such under the Public Roads Act between the hours of sunset and sunrise set out in the Fourth Schedule, or such other times as deemed necessary, by means of a sign, notice or barrier.

(10) No person shall-

(a) disembark from a motor vehicle at a point along a road or track unless there is, in the interests of public safety from a dangerous animal, a clear view of the surroundings at the point of disembarkation or the vehicle is within a designated facility or parking area other than a road or track;

(b) disembark  
from a motor vehicle along a road or track within 100 metres of a dangerous animal;

(c) when  
disembarking from a motor vehicle along a road or track, walk away from a motor vehicle for more than 25 metres, provided that there is no dangerous animal in the vicinity; or

(d) make  
up a fire or leave any litter when disembarking along a road or track.

(11) In this regulation, "transit road" means a road or track designated as a transit road under these regulations for the conveyance of persons or goods or both through a national park or game reserve along the shortest practical route.

#### 14. Wilderness trails

(1) Roads and tracks within a national park or game reserve may be designated as wilderness trails by the management plan or by the Officer-in-Charge through a display of a notice at the designated entry points to the national park or game reserve.

(2) The number of wilderness trails shall not exceed the numbers specified for the national park or game reserve in the management plan.

(3) A person who uses a wilderness trail shall-

(a) not disembark from a motor vehicle within the vicinity of a dangerous animal or walk within 100 metres of a dangerous animal;

(b) follow the designated wilderness trail;

(c) not make any fire unless he is within an area designated for camping; or

(d) not deposit litter in any place other than an approved litter bin nor dig a rubbish pit or bury litter in or near a wilderness trail and the national park or game reserve.

(4) No person shall enter a wilderness trail area except-

(a) an officer of DWNP in the execution of his official duties;

(b) a public officer in execution of his official duties and holding a written authorisation from the Officer-in-Charge;

(c) a person who holds a valid reservation voucher for the wilderness trail issued by a designated reservations office and has paid the applicable fees specified in the First Schedule; or

(d) a person who holds a written authorisation from the Officer-in-Charge.

(5) The number of groups that may be issued with permits for a wilderness trail at any one time by designated reservations offices shall be as specified in the management plan.

(6) The minimum and maximum number of persons or vehicles in any one group for a wilderness trail shall be as specified in the management plan.

(7) Overnight camping along a wilderness trail is permitted under the conditions set out for wilderness camp sites in regulations 10(7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12) and (13) at the locations specified in the management plan and the camp site need not be demarcated by a central marker:

Provided that the Officer-in-Charge may issue instructions concerning the location of campsites along a wilderness trail, which instructions shall form part of the reservation voucher for the wilderness trail.

## 15. Airstrips

(1) Airstrips shall be constructed or used in locations designated for this purpose in the management plan and airstrips not so designated shall be closed by the display of a sign or notice or the construction of an appropriate barrier and shall be rehabilitated.

(2) Any person who lands or parks an aircraft on an airstrip within a national park or game reserve shall pay the fee as provided for in the First Schedule.

(3) No person shall keep an aircraft on an airstrip within a national park or game reserve for more than five consecutive days, without a written authorisation from the Officer-in-Charge.

(4) No person shall construct any structure or leave any motor vehicle, fuel, oils or other materials on an airstrip within a national park or game reserve without a written authorisation from the Director.

## 16. Boat moorings

(1) A boat mooring shall be located at sites designated in the management plan or at locations approved in writing by the Officer-in-Charge.

## 17. Walking areas

(1) Areas within a national park or game reserve may be designated as walking areas by the management plan or by the Officer-in-Charge through a display of a notice at the designated entry points to the national park or game reserve.

(2) The management plan or the Officer-in-Charge may further designate any walking area as an accompanied walking area or an unaccompanied walking area:

Provided that where no such designation is made the area shall be an accompanied walking area.

(3) The number of

walking areas shall not exceed the numbers specified for the national park or game reserve in the management plan.

(4) A person who uses an unaccompanied walking area shall-

(a) park his motor vehicle in an area designated for parking motor vehicles;

(b) not disembark from a motor vehicle or walk within 100 metres of a dangerous animal;

(c) follow the designated walking trail;

(d) not make any noise that may cause any disturbance to either guests or game animals; and

(e) not make any fire or leave any litter.

(5) No person shall enter an accompanied walking area except-

(a) an officer of DWNP in the execution of his official duties;

(b) a public officer in execution of his official duties and holding a written authorisation from the Officer-in-Charge;

(c) a person who holds a valid reservation voucher for the area issued by a designated reservations office and has paid the applicable fees specified in the First Schedule and is in the company of a professional guide licensed for this activity; or

(d) a person who holds a written authorisation from the Officer-in-Charge.

(6) The number of groups that may be issued with permits for an accompanied walking area for any one day by a designated reservations office shall be as specified in the management plan.

(7) The maximum number of persons in any one group for an accompanied walking area shall not exceed six, excluding the professional guide, staff of the company that operates the tour and any wildlife officers that may accompany the group.

(8) A professional guide or, while accompanying a professional guide, an assistant guide licensed to conduct tours in an accompanied walking area, may carry a firearm of 30.06 calibre or larger and a minimum of ten rounds of ammunition while on such tour in a national park or game reserve, and for this purpose an authorisation to introduce the firearm into the national park or game reserve and to carry it in the walking area while on a tour shall be deemed to be included in the guides licence issued by the Director and permitting to conduct walking tours.

(9) The professional guide shall be responsible for the safety of all persons participating in a tour conducted by him in an accompanied walking area.

(10) Overnight camping is permitted under the conditions set out for wilderness camp sites in

regulations 10(7), (8), (9) (10), (11) (12) and (13) and the camp may be located anywhere within a designated accompanied walking area and need not be demarcated by a central marker:

Provided that the Officer-in-Charge may issue instructions concerning the location of campsites in an accompanied walking area, which instructions shall form part of the reservation voucher for the walking area.

(11) No person shall drive a motor vehicle into a walking area without a written authorisation from the Officer-in-Charge.

#### 18. Community use zones

(1) The management plan for a national park or game reserve may designate an area as a community use zone.

(2) Community use zones shall be for the use of designated communities living in or immediately adjacent to the national park or game reserve.

(3) Community use zones may only be used to conduct commercial tourism activities and for the sustainable use of veld products but not for any form of hunting unless otherwise provided for under these Regulations.

(4) The management plan or the Officer-in-Charge may restrict or permit an activity in a community use zone if deemed necessary for administrative or management purposes or for purposes of ensuring the sustainable use of the natural resources within a community use zone.

(5) The DWNP may charge a fee for the collection or use of any veld products, including firewood, the amount of which shall be determined by the Director in consultation with the affected communities.

#### 19. Information centres

(1) Information centres shall be constructed at locations designated for this purpose in the management plan.

(2) In the use of an information centre within a national park or game reserve, no person shall-

(a) park a motor vehicle except in a parking area designated for parking motor vehicles in the management plan;

(b) disembark from a motor vehicle in the vicinity of a dangerous animal or walk within 100 metres of a dangerous animal;

(c) walk outside the designated paths;

(d) remove from or deface any display or exhibit in the information centre;

(e) make any noise that may cause any disturbance to either guests or game animals; and

(f) make  
any fire or leave any litter.

## 20. Training facility

(1) A training  
facility shall be located at sites designated for this purpose by the  
management plan, and at such other sites as the Officer-in-Charge may  
authorise, in writing, for a period not exceeding three months.

(2) The structure  
of a training facility shall comply with the provisions of the Third Schedule.

(3) Any programme  
of activities to be carried out at a training facility within a national park  
or game reserve shall follow a timetable approved in advance in writing by the  
Officer-in-Charge.

(4) The organizer  
of a DWNP training programme or activity shall submit to the Officer-in-Charge  
a schedule of activities to be carried out not later than two weeks before the  
activities take place.

(5) For the  
purpose of this regulation "training facility" means a site within a  
national park or game reserve to be used for the practical training of  
participants of training programmes run by the DWNP.

## 21. Educational group camp sites

(1) Educational  
group camp sites shall be located at sites designated for this purpose by the  
management plan:

Provided that a  
wildlife officer may make a written authorisation for an educational group camp  
site to be located at other sites for a period not exceeding three months.

(2) The structure  
of an educational group camp site shall be in accordance with the Third  
Schedule unless otherwise specified in the management plan.

(3) Any programme  
of activities to be carried out using an educational group camp site within a  
national park or game reserve shall follow a timetable approved in advance by  
the Officer-in-Charge.

## 22. Staff housing and administrative infrastructure

Staff housing and  
administrative infrastructure for government departments, shall be constructed  
at locations specified by the management plan and to designs approved by the  
Director:

Provided that  
structures complying with the provisions of the Third Schedule may be  
constructed and used for periods not exceeding three months upon written  
authorisation by the Officer-in-Charge.

## 23. Other facilities

Except as provided in this Part, no other facilities may be constructed or used in a national park or game reserve:

Provided that the Director may give prior written authorisation for the construction or use of other facilities if, in his opinion, such facilities are for the benefit of the national park or game reserve.

#### 24. Offence

Any person who contravenes any of the provision of this Part shall be guilty of an offence.